according to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006

DYNAFOG - ULV SOLUTION EC

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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY UNDERTAKING

Product identif	fier				
Trade name:		DynaFog - ULV Solution EC			
Registration Nu	mber:	Reg.No L10275 of Act No. 36 of 1947			
Product descrip		Pyrethroid emulsified concentrate with synergists			
Other identifiers	3:	Deltamethrin 50 g/L, Permethrin 30 g/L, Piperonyl Butoxide 250 g/L			
		substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Relevant identif	ied uses:	Pesticide for the control of vectors of diseases and agricultural pests.			
Uses advised a	gainst:	No specific uses advised against are identified.			
Details of the s	supplier of the sa	afety data sheet			
Manufacturer	Name:	Avima (Pty) Ltd			
	Address:	18, Aschenberg Street - Chamdor, Krugersdorp - 1754, South Africa			
	Telephone:	+ 27 (0) 11 769 1300			
	E-mail:	ursula@avima.co.za			
Supplier	Name:	DF Trading CC			
	Address:	110, Ravel Street - Mantervrede, Vanderbijlpark - 1911, South Africa			
	Telephone:	+27 16 987 7777			
	E-mail:	info@dynafogafrica.co.za			
Emergency tel	ephone number				
South Africa	Health Emerge				
	Customer Serv	vice: +27 016 987 8787 (Dyna Fog Africa Sales and Technical Information: Monday - Friday, 08:00 - 17:00)			

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Health Hazards

Flammable Liquids, Category 3:

Health Hazards

Acute Toxicity Oral, Category 4: Skin Sensitization, Category 1: Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 1:

Environmental Hazards

Acute (short-term) Aquatic Hazard, Category 1: Chronic (long-term) Aquatic Hazard, Category 1:

Label elements

H202: Harmful if availanced

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life. H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Danger

- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word:

Hazard statements:

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H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention precautionary statements:	 P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233: Keep container tightly closed. P235: Keep cool. P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241: Use explosion-proof equipment. P242: Use non-sparking tools. P243: Take action to prevent static discharges. P261: Avoid breathing mist, vapours and spray. P264: Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. P265: Do not touch eyes. P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273: Avoid release to the environment. P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
Response precautionary statement:	 P301 + P330 + P317: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Get medical help. P303 + P361 + P364 + P353 + P352: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Rinse affected areas with water or shower. Wash with plenty of water and neutral soap. P305 + P354 + P338 + P317: IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical help. P321: Specific treatment (see First-aid section on this label). P333 + P317: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help. P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use foam agents to extinguish. P391: Collect spillage.
Storage precautionary:	P403: Store in a well-ventilated place. P405: Store locked up.
Disposal precautionary statement:	P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Description:

A mixture containing 8 % (w/v) of pyrethroids and 25 % synergist.

Dangerous components:

Name	CAS No.	Classification according to Reg. (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Hazard statement	% (w/v)
Deltamethrin (ISO)	52918-63-5	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation) Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	H301 H331 H400 H410; M = 1000000	5.0 %
Permethrin (ISO)	52645-53-1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation) Skin Sens. 1 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	H302 H332 H317 H400 H410; M = 1000	3.0 %
Piperonyl Butoxide (ISO)	51-03-6	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	H400 H410; M = 1	25.0 %
Acetone	67-64-1	Flam. Liq. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3	H225 H319 H336	10 to 30%
Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether	127087-87-0	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) Eye Dam. 1	H302 H318	10 to 30%

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		Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	
Fatty Acids, Methyl Esters	68937-84-8	Aquatic Acute 1	H400	10 to 30 %

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Additional information:

Values are not product specifications. Ingredients not identified are proprietary or do not contribute to the classification. For the full wording of abbreviations and hazard statements, refer to section 16.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice:	If medical advice is needed, have the product container or label at hand. If symptoms develop or
	persist get medical help.
First-aid responders:	First-aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended personal
·	protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (refer to section 8).
After inhalation:	If vapours or mists have been inhaled, move the person to fresh air, away from the immediate
	source of exposure. Loosen any tight clothing, if worn. Keep the person warm, at rest and under
	observation. If the person is not breathing, call an ambulance, then give artificial respiration. If
	breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen.
After skin contact:	In case of contact with skin, remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse affected
	areas gently and thoroughly with neutral, non-abrasive soap and large amounts of running water.
	Clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs develops or
A.C	persists, get medical help.
After eye contact:	In case of contact with eyes, rinse cautiously with large amounts of running water for at least 20
	minutes, while holding eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if presented and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.
After ingestion:	If the product has been swallowed, rinse the mouth out and get medical help. Do not induce
	vomiting, unless directed to do so by the poison center or doctor. Do not leave the person unattended. If vomiting occurs, have the person lean forward. Never give anything by mouth to
	an unconscious person.
	מו מווטטוסטטעס פרוסטון.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The effects of exposure (inhalation, skin contact or ingestion) to the substance may be delayed. Exposure can lead to irritation, burning, eye pain, conjunctivitis, swelling of the eye and swelling of the eyelid. Prolonged skin contact may cause severe irritation, burning, rash, itching and blistering. Permethrin may induce some cutaneous side effects such as skin sensations, paresthesia and erythema.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This product contains pyrethroids and petroleum distillates. There is no specific antidote available. Vomiting may cause chemical burns in the mouth and throat. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Treat symptomatically and supportively. For skin effects after exposure, the application of tocopherol acetate (Vitamin E) is recommended as a therapeutic treatment. If symptoms develop or overexposure is suspected, monitor respiratory and cardiac functions. An evaluation of the liver, kidney and pancreas function, including a careful history of past and present symptoms and exams, is also advisable.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam and dry chemical powder. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water jets.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

May produce hydrogen chloride and acrid smoke, fumes or mists on combustion.

Advice for firefighters	
Protective equipment:	Firefighters and other personnel who may be exposed should wear positive pressure
	self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) in combination with fire kits, firefighter
	gloves and firefighter footwear, especially when fighting a large fire.
Protective actions:	Do not breathe fumes or vapours. Evacuate the surrounding area and keep
	unnecessary and unprotected personnel away. Ventilate confined areas before

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entering. Contain the fire if properly trained and equipped. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to the type of fire, local circumstances and surrounding environment. Fight fire from a safe distance, from an upwind, uphill and/or upstream position. Water spray may be used to cool unopened containers exposed to heat but avoid water coming in contact with the product. Remove undamaged containers from the site if it is safe to do so. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and to protect people stopping the leak. Contain fire control materials for later disposal and avoid their release to the aquatic environment, keeping them out of sewers, watercourses and drinking water supplies. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Clean all contaminated clothing before re-use. If contaminated clothing cannot be adequately decontaminated, dispose of as hazardous waste. 3W

Emergency Action Code (EAC):

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment, and emergency procedures
Personal precautions:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists. Do not touch contaminated surfaces or walk into spilt material.
Non-emergency personnel:	Do not attempt to act without training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away. Notify emergency responders and leave the area.
Emergency responders:	Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away. Remove all ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection and respiratory protective equipment. Suitable fabrics include impervious cotton, cotton blends and PVC.
Environmental precautions	
Application:	Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.
Spillages:	Prevent spilled material from entering waterway and sewer systems. Collect and dispose of dyke materials (e.g. dry sand, containment oil, etc.) in with local regulations. Notify appropriate authorities immediately if large spillages have contaminated surface water, drains, watercourses, sewer systems, or groundwaters.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Containment:	For large spills, suppress vapours, or mists with fine water sprays. If it is safe to do so, prevent further leakage or spillage by stopping the flow of the product. To prevent the product from spreading over a wide area or into the environment, seal surrounding drains and contain the leakage or spillage using inert materials. If dyked material can be recovered, store it in a sealed waste container for subsequent disposal. Label containers containing hazardous waste and materials employed in the cleanup of releases. Remove containers from the area as soon as possible. Clean contaminated objects and floors thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Cleaning-up:	Soak up small spillages with inert absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece, dry sand, sawdust, etc.) immediately. Clean the surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never reuse or return spills to original containers. Collect, store, and dispose of contaminated materials properly, as they may pose the same hazard as this chemical.

Reference to other sections

For information regarding safe handling, refer to section 7. For information regarding individual protection measures, refer to section 8. For information regarding waste disposal, refer to section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

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Recommendations:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been put in place. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection and respiratory protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists. Handle and open containers with care to avoid spills, waste, and release to the environment. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse empty containers. Pesticide applicators and workers must refer to the directions of use on the product's label. For further advice, contact the registration holder.
Protection against fire:	Do not place containers close to heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames or other ignition sources. Do not smoke or use sparking tools whilst handling this product. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air.
General hygienic measures:	Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst handling this product. Wash hands and face immediately after handling this product and before eating, drinking, smoking, or using the toilet. Remove clothing and personal protective clothing equipment before leaving the working area.
Conditions for safe storage, inclu	Iding any incompatibilities
Storage conditions:	Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Keep in the original labelled container. Keep containers upright and tightly closed. Prevent containers from freezing and from physical damage. Keep out of reach of unauthorized persons, children, or animals. Store in such a manner as to prevent cross-contamination. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Conditions to avoid:	Do not store under direct sunlight or close to heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames or other ignition sources. Do not store close to incompatible materials, food, animal feeding stuff, fertilizers, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, or water supplies.
Packaging materials: Incompatible substances:	High-density polyethylene (HDPE) Explosives, flammable gases, flammable liquids, flammable solids, pyrophoric liquids, pyrophoric solids, strong oxidizing liquids, strong oxidizing solids, self-reactive substances and mixtures, self-heating substances and mixtures, substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases, organic peroxides and desensitised explosives.
Further information:	Refer to local regulations to comply with quantity limits of hazardous chemicals under storage.
Specific end uses(s)	
General pest control:	American cockroaches (<i>Periplaneta americana</i>), brown house ants (<i>Pheidole megacephala</i>), cat fleas (<i>Clenophalides felis</i>), confused flour beetles (<i>Tribolium confusum</i>), dog ticks (<i>Rhipicephalus sanguineus</i>), german cockroaches (<i>Blattella germanica</i>), hide and skin beetles and larvae (<i>Dernestes maculates</i>), houseflies (<i>Musca domestica</i>), litter beetles (<i>Alphitobius diaparinus</i>), meal moths (<i>Sitotroga cerealella</i>), yellow fever mosquitoes (<i>Aedes aegypti</i>).
Scouting in macadamia orchards:	Stink bugs (whole complex)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

These precautions are suggested for conditions where the potential for exposure exists. Emergency conditions may require additional precautions. Comply with occupational safety, environmental, fire and other applicable local regulations.

Control parameters

Legal basis	Components	CAS- No.	Control parameters
EFSA	Deltamethrin (ISO)	52918- 63-5	ADI: 0.01 mg/kg bw/day
	Permethrin (ISO)	52645- 53-1	ADI: 0.05 mg/kg bw/day
	Piperonyl butoxide (ISO)	51-03-6	ADI: 0.2 mg/kg bw/day
	Acetone	67-64-1	ADI: not evaluated

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	Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether	127087- 87-0	ADI: not evaluated
	Fatty Acids,	68937-	ADI: not evaluated
REACH	Methyl Esters Deltamethrin	84-8 52918-	Not established
	(ISO) Permethrin	63-5 52645-	Not established
	(ISO)	53-1	
	Piperonyl butoxide (ISO)	51-03-6	DNEL (workers, inhalation) – systemic effects, long term: 1.6 mg/m ³ DNEL (workers, inhalation) – systemic effects, short term: 7.75 mg/m ³ DNEL (workers, inhalation) – local effects, long term: 3.875 mg/m ³ DNEL (workers, dermal) – systemic effects, short term: 3.875 mg/m ³ DNEL (workers, dermal) – systemic effects, long term: 0.443 mg/kg bw/day DNEL (workers, dermal) – systemic effects, short term: 55.5 mg/kg bw/day DNEL (workers, dermal) – local effects, long term: 0.440 mg/cm ² DNEL (workers, dermal) – local effects, short term: 0.888 mg/cm ² DNEL (workers, dermal) – local effects, short term: 0.888 mg/cm ³ DNEL (general population, inhalation) – systemic effects, long term: 0.388 mg/m ³ DNEL (general population, inhalation) – systemic effects, long term: 3.875 mg/m ³ DNEL (general population, inhalation) – local effects, long term: 1.94 mg/m ³ DNEL (general population, inhalation) – local effects, short term: 1.94 mg/m ³ DNEL (general population, dermal) – systemic effects, long term: 0.221 mg/kg bw/day DNEL (general population, dermal) – systemic effects, short term: 27.8 mg/kg bw/day DNEL (general population, dermal) – local effects, short term: 0.220 mg/cm ² DNEL (general population, dermal) – local effects, long term: 0.220 mg/cm ² DNEL (general population, dermal) – local effects, long term: 0.220 mg/cm ² DNEL (general population, dermal) – local effects, long term: 0.220 mg/cm ² DNEL (general population, dermal) – local effects, long term: 0.220 mg/cm ² DNEL (general population, dermal) – local effects, long term: 0.220 mg/cm ² DNEL (general population, dermal) – local effects, long term: 0.220 mg/cm ² DNEL (general population, dermal) – local effects, long term: 0.221 mg/kg bw/day
	Acetone	67-64-1	 DNEL (general population, oral) – systemic effects, short term: 2.3 mg/kg bw/day DNEL (workers, inhalation) – systemic effects, long term: 1210 mg/m³ DNEL (workers, general population, inhalation) – systemic effects, short term: low hazard (no threshold derived) DNEL (workers, inhalation) – local effects, long term: low hazard (no threshold derived) DNEL (workers, inhalation) – local effects, short term: 2420 mg/m³ DNEL (workers, dermal) – systemic effects, long term: 186 mg/ kg bw/ day DNEL (workers, general population, dermal) – systemic effects, short term: low hazard (no threshold derived) DNEL (workers, general population, dermal) – systemic effects, long and short term: low hazard (no threshold derived) DNEL (workers, general population eye exposure): medium hazard (no threshold derived) DNEL (general population, inhalation) – systemic effects, long term: 200 mg/ m³ DNEL (general population, inhalation) – local effects, long and short term: low hazard (no threshold derived) DNEL (general population, inhalation) – systemic effects, long term: 200 mg/ m³ DNEL (general population, inhalation) – systemic effects, long term: 200 mg/ m³ DNEL (general population, dermal) – systemic effects, long term: 62 mg/kg bw/day DNEL (general population, oral) – systemic effects, long term: 62 mg/kg bw/day DNEL (general population, oral) – systemic effects, short term: low hazard (no threshold derived)
	Nonylphenol polyethylene	127087- 87-0	Not established
	glycol ether	00007	
	Fatty Acids, Methyl Esters	68937- 84-8	Not established

Additional information:

For the full wording of abbreviations, refer to section 16. Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the workplace may be required to confirm compliance with OEL and the adequacy of exposure controls.

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Appropriate engineering controls

Eyewash stations and safety showers should be available in the vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours and mist below the applicable workplace exposure limits indicated above, especially in confined areas.

Individual protection measures

General hygienic measures:	Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst handling this product. Wash hands and face immediately after handling this product. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing and personal protective equipment before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Dispose of clothing and other absorbent materials that have been
	drenched or heavily contaminated with this mixture in accordance with local regulations.
Eye/face protection:	Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles, face shield or other full-face protection to prevent eye and face contact with vapours, mists or splashes.
Hand protection:	Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves with a minimum thickness of 5 mm. Nitrile rubber gloves may be used.
Respiratory protection:	Where exposure through inhalation may occur, wear a full-face mask, half mask or quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges. N95, R95, or P95 filters may be used.
Body protection:	Wear appropriate chemical-resistant overalls, footwear, and socks. Additional body garments should be used based on the task being performed, e.g. PVC rain suites for chemical loading, off-loading, or dilution.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chem	ical properties
Physical state:	Liquid
Aspect:	Homogenous transparent
Colour:	Light brown
Odour:	Mild chemical
Melting point/freezing point:	Not available
Boiling point/boiling range:	Not available
Flammability:	Flammable
Ignition temperature:	Not available
Explosive properties:	Not applicable
Explosion limits:	Not applicable
Flash point:	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature:	Not available
pH-value:	pH 6 at 20 °C
Viscosity:	Not available
Solubility in/miscibility with water:	Not available
Segregation coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not available
Vapor pressure:	Not available
Density:	0.954 g/mL at 20 °C
Vapour density:	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous reactions: Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air.

Chemically stable under standard use and storage conditions.

May react with pyrophoric liquids, pyrophoric solids, strong oxidizing liquids, strong oxidizing solids, self-reactive substances and mixtures, self-heating



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	substances and mixtures, substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases, organic peroxides and desensitised explosives.
Conditions to avoid:	Excessive heating.
Incompatible materials:	Explosives, flammable gases, flammable liquids, flammable solids, pyrophoric liquids, pyrophoric solids, strong oxidizing liquids, strong oxidizing solids, self-reactive substances and mixtures, self-heating substances and mixtures, substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases, organic peroxides and desensitised explosives.
Hazardous decomposition products:	May produce hydrogen chloride and acrid smoke, fumes or mists on combustion.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acetone Acute oral: Acute dermal: Acute inhalation: Skin corrosion/skin irritation: Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Respiratory irritation/corrosion: Skin sensitization: Germ cell mutagenicity: Carcinogenicity: Reproductive toxicity: STOT – single exposure: STOT – repeated exposure: Aspiration hazard:	LD50 - rat: > 5800 mg/kg bw LD50 - rabbit: > 7426 mg/kg bw LC50 (8h) - rat: 50.1 mg/L air Rabbit: No adverse effect observed (not irritating) Rabbit: Adverse effect observed (irritating) No data available Guinea pig: No adverse effect observed (not sensitizing) Salmonella typhimurium: No adverse effect observed (non-mutagenic) No data available No data available No data available No Aata available NOAEL - rat: 900 mg/kg bw/day No data available
Deltamethrin Acute oral: Acute dermal: Acute inhalation: Skin corrosion/skin irritation: Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Respiratory irritation/corrosion: Skin sensitization: Germ cell mutagenicity: Carcinogenicity: Reproductive toxicity: STOT – single exposure: STOT – repeated exposure: Aspiration hazard:	LD50 - rat: > 50 mg/kg bw LD50 - rat: 2000 mg/kg bw LC50 - rat: 3.1 mg/L air Rabbit: No adverse effect observed (not irritating) Rabbit: No adverse effect observed (not irritating) No data available Guinea pig: No adverse effect observed (not sensitizing) Salmonella typhimurium: No adverse effect observed (non-mutagenic) NOEL - rat: 1 mg/kg/day NOEL - rat: 18.3 to 43.8 mg/kg bw/day NOEL - rat: 1.0 mg/kg/day NOAEL - rat: 1 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL - rat: 1 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL - rat: 1 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL - rat: 1 mg/kg bw/day
Fatty Acids, Methyl Esters	No data available
Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol Acute oral: Acute dermal: Acute inhalation: Skin corrosion/skin irritation: Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Respiratory irritation/corrosion: Skin sensitization: Germ cell mutagenicity: Carcinogenicity: Reproductive toxicity: STOT – single exposure: STOT – repeated exposure: Aspiration hazard:	LD50 - rat: > 1602 mg/kg bw No data available No data available Rabbit: No adverse effect observed (not irritating) Rabbit: Adverse effect observed (irritating) No data available Guinea pig: No adverse effect observed (not sensitizing) Salmonella typhimurium: No adverse effect observed (non-mutagenic) No data available NOAEL - rat: > 50 mg/kg bw No data available NOAEL - rat: 545 mg kg bw/day No data available

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Permethrin Acute oral: LD50 - rat: > 480 mg/kg bw Acute dermal: LD50 - rat: > 2000 mg/kg bw Acute inhalation: LC50 - rat: 23.5 mg/L air Skin corrosion/skin irritation: Rabbit: No adverse effect observed (not irritating) Rabbit: No adverse effect observed (not irritating) Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Respiratory irritation/corrosion: No data available Skin sensitization: Guinea pig: No adverse effect observed (not sensitizing) Germ cell mutagenicity: Salmonella typhimurium: No adverse effect observed (non-mutagenic) Carcinogenicity: Rat: No adverse effect observed (not carcinogenic) Reproductive toxicity: NOEL - rat: > 180 mg/kg bw STOT – single exposure: STOT – repeated exposure: No data available No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available Piperonyl butoxide Acute oral: LD50 - rat: > 2000 mg/kg bw Acute dermal: LD50 - rat: 2000 mg/kg bw Acute inhalation: LC50 - rat: 5.2 - 5.9 mg/L air Skin corrosion/skin irritation: Rabbit: No adverse effect observed (not irritating) Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Rabbit: No adverse effect observed (not irritating) Respiratory irritation/corrosion: No data available Skin sensitization: Guinea pig: No adverse effect observed (not sensitizing) Germ cell mutagenicity: Salmonella typhimurium: No adverse effect observed (non-mutagenic) Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Reproductive toxicity: NOAEL - rat: > 89 mg/kg bw STOT - single exposure: No data available STOT - repeated exposure: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available

Information on other hazards

Endocrine-disrupting properties:

Substances of the mixture are not identified as having endocrine-disrupting properties.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Acetone

Fish: Aquatic invertebrates: Algae and cyanobacteria: Earthworms: Birds: Bees:

Deltamethrin Fish: Aquatic invertebrates: Algae and cyanobacteria: Earthworms: Birds: Bees: LC50 (96h) - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 5540 mg/L EC50 (48h) - Daphnia pulex (water flea): 8800 mg/L EC50 (72h) - Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom): 11798 mg/L LC50 (48h) - Eisenia fetida (manure worm): > 0.1 mg/kg soil No data available No data available

LC50 (96h) - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 688 mg/L EC50 (48h) - Daphnia magna (water flea): 75.3 mg/L EC50 (72h) - Chlorella vulgaris (green algae): 0.022 mg/L LC50 (14 days) - Eisenia fetida (manure worm): > 1290 mg/kg soil LD50 (14 days) - Colinus virginianus (bobwhite quail): > 2000 mg/kg bw LD50 (48h) - Apis mellifera (honeybee), contact: 49 mg/bee LD50 (48h) - Apis mellifera (honeybee), oral: 32 mg/bee

Fatty Acids, Methyl Esters

No data available

Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol	
Fish:	LC50 (48h) - Oryzias latipes (Japanese rice fish): 11.6 mg/L
Aquatic invertebrates:	EC50 (48h) - Daphnia magna (water flea): 23.06 mg/L
Algae and cyanobacteria:	EC50 (72h) - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae): 19.485 mg/L
Aquatic invertebrates:	EC50 (48h) - Daphnia magna (water flea): 23.06 mg/L

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Earthworms: No data available Birds: No data available Birds: No data available Bees: No data available Permethrin LC50 (96h) - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 0.0051 mg/L Aquata invertebrates: EC50 (78h) - Daphnia magna (water fiea) = 0.0001874 mg/L Agae and cyanobactoria: EC50 (78h) - Papsina magnitic mauritil (Indian earthworm) = 371 mg/L good Bees: LD50 (48h) - Apis mellifera (honeybee), contact: 23.5 mg/bee LD50 (48h) - Apis mellifera (honeybee), contact: 23.5 mg/bee LD50 (48h) - Apis mellifera (honeybee), contact: 23.5 mg/bee Agae and cyanobacteria: EC50 (78h) - Raphino collis subcapital (green algae) : 3.89 mg/L Aquati invertebrates: EC50 (48h) - Apis mellifera (honeybee), contact: 23.5 mg/bee LD50 (48h) - Apis mellifera (honeybee), contact: 2.25 mg/kg bw EC50 (72h) - Raphino collis subcapital (green algae): 3.89 mg/L Agae and cyanobacteria: EC50 (73h) - Raphino collis subcapital (green algae): 3.80 mg/L Data available NOEC (56 days) - Lampina magna (water fiea): 0.510 mg/L Agae and cyanobacteria: EC50 (74h) - Apis mellifera (honeybee), oral: > 0.025 mg/bee Birds: LD50 - Colinus virginianus (northern bolwhile qual): > 2.250 mg/kg bw Biodegradation in water: Readily biodegradable in fre	version i - Revision. U	1.07.2022 - page 10 01 13 AFT
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Hydrolysis:Half-life: > 500 days at 25 °C, pH 7Biodegradation in water:Not readily biodegradable in freshwater	Hydrolysis: Biodegradation in water: Biodegradation in water sediments Biodegradation in soil: Adsorption/desorption:	Not readily biodegradable No data available No data available Koc: 26930
Biodegradation in water sediments: Half-life: 109 days at 25 °C Biodegradation in soil: Half-life: 58.3 days at 25 °C	Hydrolysis: Biodegradation in water: Biodegradation in water sediments	Not readily biodegradable in freshwater Half-life: 109 days at 25 °C

according to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006

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Adsorption/desorption: Henry's law constant:	Koc: 2506.5 at 20 °C No data available	
Bioaccumulative potential		
<u>Acetone</u> Segregation coefficient (n-octanol/water): Bioconcentration factor:	Log Kow: - 0.24 at 20 °C BCF – aquatic species: 3	
<u>Deltamethrin</u> Segregation coefficient (n-octanol/water): Bioconcentration factor:	Log Kow: 4.6 at 25 °C BCF – aquatic species: > 310	
Fatty Acids, Methyl Esters	No data available	
Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol Segregation coefficient (n-octanol/water): Bioconcentration factor:	Log Kow: 5.669 at 25 °C BCF – aquatic species: 7.86	
Permethrin Segregation coefficient (n-octanol/water): Bioconcentration factor:	Log Kow: 4.67 at 25 °C BCF – aquatic species: > 500	
<u>Piperonyl Butoxide</u> Segregation coefficient (n-octanol/water): Bioconcentration factor:	Log Kow: 4.8 at 20 °C BCF – aquatic species: > 290	

Mobility in soil

Acetone is mobile in soil and may be transported by soil water. Deltamethrin, Piperonyl butoxide and Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol have low mobility potential in soil. No mobility studies are available for Permethrin and Fatty Acids Methyl Esters.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Residues disposal	
Protective measures:	The safety precautions applied to the handling of the product shall be considered when disposing of residues. For further details, refer to section 7.
Method:	Do not burn residues. Do not dispose of residues with normal waste, or to sewer systems. Surplus product, spray mixture, rinse water or any residue which cannot be used according to
Recommendations:	label instructions shall be properly disposed of according to local regulations. To reduce the problems associated with the disposal of hazardous chemicals, consider purchasing quantities limited to the amounts needed during the season. Prepare only as much product as needed at each application, following the instructions of use. When diluting the concentrate, ensure that containers used to measure out the required quantity are well-drained, and triple rinsed. Add rinsing to the contents of the final volume for application.
Container disposal	
Protective measures:	Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers may retain vapours and product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers that were not thoroughly rinsed or cleaned to heat, flame, sparks or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
Method:	Do not burn empty containers. Do not reuse empty containers for any other purpose. Do not dispose of contaminated containers in normal waste. Used containers shall be closely secured and stored until they can be safely disposed of. If possible, triple rinse or pressure rinse contaminated containers. If recycling facilities are available, deliver decontaminated containers to the designated collection point. If recycling facilities are not available, puncture, break or crush

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decontaminated containers to avoid reuse and provide appropriate disposal in accordance with local regulations.

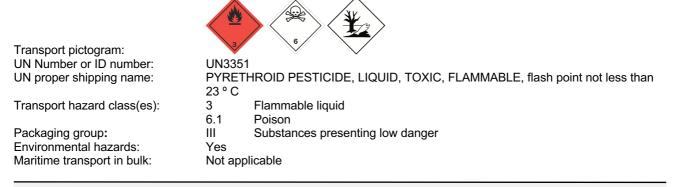
Sewage disposal

Do not wash or dispose of untreated waste, spillages, residues or product surplus into sewers or water systems.

Other disposal recommendations

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. If uncertain of local requirements, contact the proper environmental authorities for information on waste disposal in your area.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION



15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

	Safety, health, and environmental	I regulations/legislation	specific for the substance or mixture
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National regulations:	Registered under the Registrar (Act No 36 of 1947) for agricultural remedies as published by Proclamation No. 111 (Government Gazette No. 3977) on 20 October 2017. Reg.No L10275 of Act No. 36 of 1947. In compliance with Occupational Health and Safety Act (85/1993): Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021, published by Government Notice No. 11263 (Government Gazette No. 44348) on 29 March 2021.
Other regulations:	In compliance with Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on 18 December 2006.
Reference documents:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), 2021. Dangerous Goods Emergency Action Code List (TDG), 2021

Chemical safety assessment

For this product, a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revisions

Version	Date issued	Updates
1	01.07.2022	GHS classification and labelling of chemicals compliance.

Full text of H-Statements listed

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
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- H301 Toxic if swallowed
- H302 Harmful if swallowed H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H318 Causes serios eye damage
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation

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H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects

Full text of abbreviations of hazard categories listed

Acute (short-term) toxicity
Acute (short-term) aquatic toxicity
Chronic (long-term) aquatic toxicity
Serious eye damage
Eye irritation
Flammable liquid
Skin sensitization
Specific target organ toxicity

Full text of abbreviations of control parameters listed

ADI	Acceptable Daily Intake
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EFSA	European Food Safety Authority
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

Full text of abbreviations of toxicity and ecotoxicity reference values listed

EC50	Effective concentration estimated to produce a specific effect in 50% of the test organisms
LC50	Lethal concentration estimated to cause the death of 50% of the test organisms
LD50	Lethal dosage estimated to cause the death of 50% of the test organisms
NOEC	No observed effect concentration
NOEL	No observed effect level
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level

Disclaimer

Each user should read this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and consider the safety precaution recommended. This SDS summarises the present state of our knowledge about the health and safety hazard information and the safe handling and use of the product and is to be used for this product only. The information was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable and is provided in good faith, but do not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use or disposal of the product are beyond our control and for this reason, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.

